

Aotearoa's social worker regulator and lead agency for social worker workforce planning

# Statement of Performance Expectations 2022/2023

For the period ending 30 June 2023

June 2022

# Social Workers Registration Board (SWRB) – Kāhui Whakamana Tauwhiro

## Our kaupapa

Our kaupapa brings together our whakataukī, our purpose, our foundational values and our outcomes into one place, showing how we make a difference for Aotearoa and shape our mahi through He Arapaki, our Māori Development Strategy and Action Plan.

## Our whakataukī

Our whakataukī embeds a Māori worldview and underpins our organisational purpose. It reflects the continuous improvement journey we are on as an organisation, draws on ancient Māori knowledge and teachings, embedding tikanga Māori into our core business functions. This supports the transformation of the organisation into a modern regulator and lead agency for workforce planning, through active partnership with Māori. In this context the word Tauwhiro (in our Māori name) and whakataukī are about settling, resolving, and bringing balance through supporting the wellbeing and dignity of all: whānau, tamariki, mokopuna and communities.

He ara pūkenga, he ara tauwhiro, hei whakamana mātā waka.

The many pathways of knowledge, the many pathways of social work, upholding the dignity of all.

## Our purpose

Our purpose is to protect the safety of members of the public by ensuring social workers are competent and safe to practise and are accountable for the way in which they practise. We also enhance social workers' professional practice and provide insight into the opportunities and challenges facing the social worker workforce.

We deliver on this purpose through our two core functions, as Aotearoa's social worker regulator and lead agency for social worker workforce planning.

## Our values

Our organisational values are an acknowledgement of those who came before us and their tireless effort in establishing a tikanga Māori framework.

Our current values have inspired new thinking, in terms of our behaviours as a regulator and workforce planning lead for the social work profession.

Living our values help us to bring to life our whakataukī and our purpose.

Matatika	To do what is right and just, ethical, fair, equitable, honest, unbiased, impartial, moral, trustworthy
Manaaki	To look after the dignity of others, to support, to tend to take care of, protect, look out for, show respect, generosity, and kindness towards others
Mahitahi	To work together as one, collaborate, cooperate, codesign, connect, interact, reciprocate, discuss, debate, work in unity with teamwork and synergy
Māia	To be bold, brave, capable, confident, courageous, and have endurance, strength, resilience

## Our outcomes

Our outcomes help us to focus on the things that matter most for New Zealanders, and guide where we put our effort and resources. Our high-level outcomes are:

## 1. To be an active partner with Māori

SWRB will continue to strengthen our work as a Tiriti o Waitangi partner.

## 2. To be responsive to the diverse communities of Aotearoa

We will continue to work closely with partner organisations both inside and outside government to better understand needs.

## 3. To promote public trust and confidence in the social work profession

Social workers are safe and fit to practise, are held to account for meeting conduct, competence, and ethical standards, and are practising within the General Scope of Social Work Practice.

## 4. To enable social workers to demonstrate strong professional practice

Social workers are qualified, experienced, skilled, culturally competent, maintain continuing professional development (CPD) and undertake professional supervision.

# 5. To support sufficient social workers to meet the growing demand for social work services

We provide information and insights into the social worker workforce based on data analysis, and a robust evidence base. We ensure this work is shared with Ministers, agencies, and stakeholders to support a joined up social work system, informing decisions and providing advice into the opportunities and challenges facing the social work profession.

## Our relationships

Our relationships are critical for improving regulatory performance and compliance across the social work sector and for supporting our understanding of what is needed to improve social worker workforce planning.

# **CONTENTS**

Foreword	6
Board Statement	8
Section One: He ara pūkenga	9
Where we have come from	9
Section Two: He ara Tauwhiro	10
Who we are: Crown Entity, Regulator, Lead Agency - Workforce	10
Planning  How we do our mahi	
Section Three: Hei whakamana mātā waka	19
Upholding the dignity of all - Where are we going?	19
Operational focus for 2022/2023	19
Section Four	28
Statement of Performance Expectations 2022/2023	28
Output Class: delivery of mandatory registration and workforce planning for all social workers	28
Section Five	31
Prospective financial statements	31
Notes to the prospective financial statements	36
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## **Foreword**

The Social Workers Registration Board (SWRB) / Kāhui Whakamana Tauwhiro is a Crown Entity established under the Social Workers Registration Act 2003. The SWRB is Aotearoa's social worker regulator and lead agency for social worker workforce planning.

We are governed by a seven-member Board appointed by the Minister for Social Development and Employment, under the Social Workers Registration Act 2003. We are monitored by the Ministry of Social Development and accountable to the Minister for Social Development and Employment.

As a Crown Agent under the Crown Entities Act 200, the SWRB is the only Crown Entity regulator in the social sector.

We have approximately 40 staff located in our Wellington Office.

Our role is to protect the safety of members of the public by ensuring social workers are competent and safe to practise and are accountable for the way in which they practise. We also enhance social workers professional practice and provide insight into the opportunities and challenges facing the social worker workforce.

In addition to maintaining the social worker register and supporting the complaints and disciplinary function, we set and promote standards for social work education and recognise providers of education programmes for social work qualifications. We are also increasingly providing insights and regulatory guidance, including lessons we can learn from our complaints process and sharing the outcomes from the independent Social Workers Disciplinary Tribunal.

We contribute towards the Government's broader Wellbeing priorities by supporting social workers to improve client physical and mental health outcomes, improving tamariki, rangatahi, and whānau wellbeing, and increasing access to support services that are culturally responsive.

Our mandate is similar to other regulatory authorities under the Health Practitioners Competence Assurance Act 2003. However, there are important differences in that the SWRB is a Crown Agent with additional accountability responsibilities. These responsibilities include enhancing social worker professionalism, and our mandate requires promotional and stakeholder engagement activities with the sector, employers, education providers and the public.

As a fees and levy funded organisation, we operate on a cost recovery basis. In 2021/22 we undertook our first major review of our funding, leading to changes to our fees and disciplinary levy which will be implemented this financial year (2022/23).

After two years of financial fragility, this will provide the organisation with financial stability and the ability to better meet our legislative obligations, particularly for improving social work professionalism and meeting our obligations under Te Tiriti o Waitangi.

The past two plus years have been a time of immense change for the organisation. The SWRB has overseen the transition from voluntary to mandatory registration, growing the number of registered social workers to over 10,000. While the focus in the past was to get more social workers onto the register, with mandatory registration now established our focus is shifting towards improving the professionalism and compliance of those now on the register and practising social work.

With our 2022–26 Statement of Intent as our guiding document, we will be progressing our mahi towards meeting the outcomes we have set in this Statement of Performance Expectations (SPE). The priorities we have outlined support both our continued journey to becoming a modern Government regulator and the continuous improvement of our organisational policies and processes.



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Shannon Pakura, RSW Chair, SWRB



I S. I Clarke

Sarah Clark
Chief Executive, SWRB

# **Board Statement**

This SPE reflects our proposed performance targets and forecast financial information for the financial year 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023.

This SPE is produced in accordance with the requirements of section 149E of the Crown Entities Act 2004.

The forecast financial statements and underlying assumptions in this SPE have been authorised as appropriate for issue by the Board of the SWRB, in accordance with its role under the Crown Entities Act 2004.

The Board acknowledges responsibility for the information and prospective financial statements contained in this SPE.

Signed on 27/06/2022

Shannon Pakura, RSW

Chair, SWRB

Adam Davy

Chair, Finance Audit and Risk Committee, SWRB

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# Section One: He ara pūkenga

## Where we have come from

For the past two years we have been focusing on the move from manual to digital processing, developing policy and processes for mandatory registration, and informing the sector of the legislative changes. We have met the wero of managing our operational change programme, including building the base infrastructure to support the organisation to become a more efficient and effective modern regulator.

Whilst we are transforming our practices as a modern regulator, moving towards supporting and encouraging compliance, opening, and increasing our communication channels and proactively engaging with social workers, employers, and the public, we continue to be mindful of the costs of the regulatory functions on the sector.

As a primarily fees and levy funded organisation, we operate on a cost recovery basis. We want to be transparent with the sector and other key government stakeholders on the nature of those costs, and what fees and the Disciplinary Levy covers.

Last year we undertook a review of our fees and Levy, with a full consultation exercise with the sector. This was to ensure that we can cover our operating costs as a modern regulator and to meet the requirements of our legislation. Most of these changes will come into effect this financial year, as we implement Board decisions.

Our aspirational 2022/23 priorities support our journey as both Aotearoa's modern social worker regulator and as lead agency for social worker workforce planning. Our workforce planning role is funded directly by the Crown and allows us to deliver added value to the sector in a unique way as we draw on our insights as a regulator to identify opportunities, challenges, and trends to help join up the currently fractured system.

We are on a journey of continuous learning and improvement, becoming a Tiriti-led and values-based organisation, embedding He Arapaki, our Māori Development Strategy and Action Plan, throughout all that we do, revising our policies and updating our processes and reframing our thinking.

He Arapaki is used as a foundational frame of thinking, providing the patterns for weaving our narratives and progressing our mahi.

We will continue our mahi contributing to the wider social sector to improve the wellbeing of all New Zealanders.

# Section Two: He ara Tauwhiro

Who we are: Crown Entity, Regulator, Lead Agency – Workforce Planning

## Statutory Crown Agent under the Crown Entities Act 2004

The SWRB is a Statutory Crown Agent under the Crown Entities Act 2004.

Current Crown funding in support of this function is \$114,000 per annum.

The SWRB is governed by a seven-member Board appointed by the Minister for Social Development and Employment, under the Social Workers Registration Act 2003 (our establishment legislation).

Crown agents are those Crown entities most closely subject to ministerial control, as they must "give effect to" policy that relates to the entity's functions and objectives if directed by the Minister. (Statutory Crown entities - A guide for ministers. The Public Service Commission)

SWRB performance is monitored by the Ministry of Social Development on behalf of the Minister for Social Development and Employment. As part of the Crown, we must meet the requirements of the Crown Entities Act, the Public Service Act, and the Public Finance Act, as well as our own establishment legislation.

In addition to legislative requirements, the Enduring Letter of Expectations, issued jointly by the Ministers of Finance and the State Sector in 2019, sets out government's expectations of the SWRB and of the Board.

Through its Enduring Letter of Expectations, as a Crown Entity we are expected to deliver on two key areas of focus for the government: supporting future-focused Māori-Crown relations and contributing to improving wellbeing.

Additionally, the Government has three overarching priorities for Aotearoa: to keep New Zealanders safe from COVID-19, to accelerate our recovery and rebuild, and to tackle our foundational challenges, in particular housing affordability, climate change and tamariki wellbeing.

Through the SWRB's Vision - social workers in Aotearoa are accountable, recognised and valued, and through anchoring all that we do in He Arapaki, we support the government's areas of focus and overarching priorities.

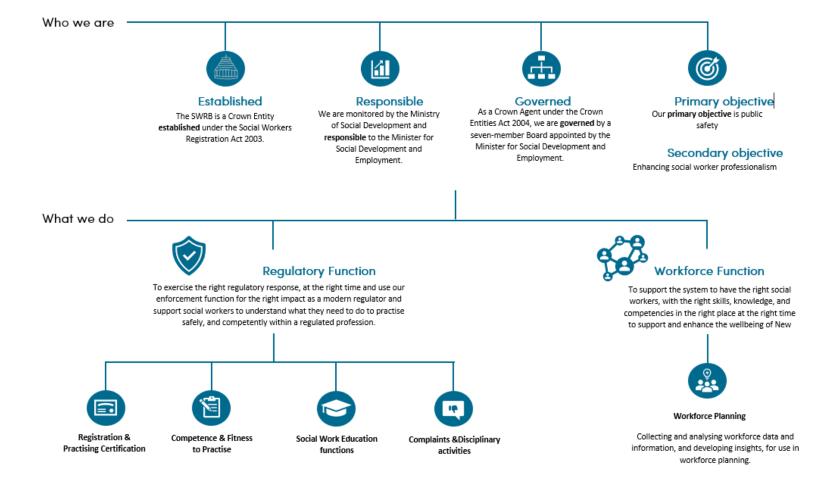
SWRB has two core functions, we are both Aotearoa's social worker regulator and lead agency for social worker workforce planning.

## Social Workers Registration Board (SWRB)

## Kāhui Whakamana Tauwhiro

Who we are and what we do





## Aotearoa's social worker regulator

Our role as the regulator of social workers is set out in our establishment legislation, the Social Workers Registration Act 2003 (administered by the Ministry of Social Development).

Our regulatory functions are funded on a cost recovery basis, through the fees and Disciplinary Levy paid for by social workers and/or employers.

The Act states its purpose is to:

- protect the safety of members of the public, by prescribing or providing for mechanisms to ensure that social workers are competent to practise and accountable for the way in which they practise
- for the purposes of ensuring public safety, social worker competence and accountability create a framework for the registration of social workers in New Zealand and determine their scopes of practice
- establish a board to register social workers, and provide for its powers
- establish a tribunal to consider complaints about social workers
- enhance the professionalism of social workers.

From this legislative purpose, we have developed our organisational purpose statement:

To protect the safety of members of the public by ensuring social workers are competent and safe to practise and are accountable for the way in which they practise. We also enhance social workers professional practice and provide insight into the opportunities and challenges facing the social worker workforce.

In addition to maintaining the social worker register and supporting the complaints and disciplinary function, we set and promote standards for social work education and recognise providers of education programmes for social work qualifications.

We are also increasingly providing insights and regulatory guidance, including lessons learnt from our complaints process and sharing the outcomes from the independent Social Workers Disciplinary Tribunal with the sector.

As a modern regulator the SWRB's regulatory approach is Tiriti-led, values-based and underpinned by the good regulatory principles of 'support, encourage, require', working with social workers, employers, and educators to help them comply with their regulatory obligations. This approach is at the heart of modern regulation, with an emphasis on non-regulatory interventions that change behaviour before moving towards the more traditional regulatory interventions.

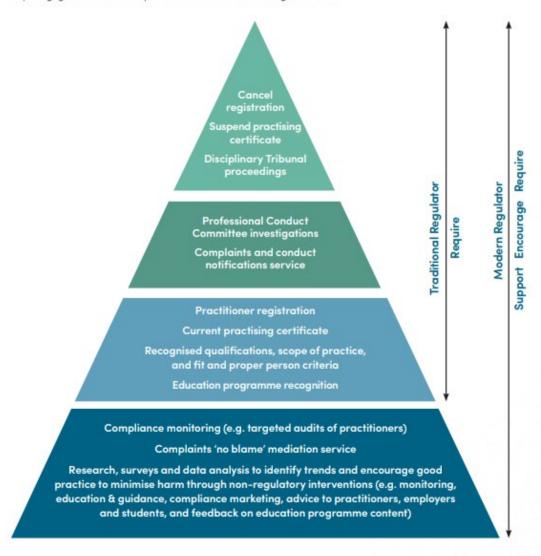
This emphasis can be seen in the diagram below, which suggests an increasing focus on those activities at the bottom of the regulatory triangle.

It is through this approach that the SWRB aims to enhance social worker professionalism and will increasingly see the SWRB operating as an evidence-based, intelligence-led and risk-focused regulator.

The shift towards becoming a modern regulator is an ongoing journey which we began in 2018 and are still working towards. We anticipate it will take a number of years to fully embed this approach.

#### Using modern regulator tools

In 2018/19 we looked at what tools we could use to 'support and encourage' rather than focusing on 'requiring' good social work practice as set out in the diagram below.



This on-going journey is shaped and informed by He Arapaki that is interwoven throughout our regulatory functions. He Arapaki is an integral part of our aspiration to becoming a modern regulator and developing a Regulatory Strategy this financial year, will help us achieve that.

## Aotearoa's lead agency for social worker workforce planning

It is through our establishment legislation, the Social Workers Registration Act (2003) and our stated purpose, to enhance the professionalism of social workers, that we have been designated as Aotearoa's lead agency for social worker workforce planning.

The workforce planning lead agency role was assigned to us by Cabinet and was publicly announced in March 2021. This role is fully funded by the Crown on an establishment basis and not by the fees and disciplinary levy paid by social workers and employers.

The Cabinet Paper that assigns the lead agency role sets out the Government's expectations for how the SWRB is to provide and support workforce planning for all social workers, within existing statutory mandates and available resources.

The Cabinet Paper states that the SWRB will provide and support workforce planning for all social workers, as a lead agency, as opposed to acting as a delivery agency by:

- taking a cross-sectoral, strategic, and collaborative approach, which balances national consistency with being responsive to regional and local situations
- recognising Te Tiriti o Waitangi and partnering with Māori
- working together and in consultation with employers, sector organisations, government agencies, funders, education and training providers, and social workers
- reflecting the diversity of Aotearoa's population, so that the social worker workforce is responsive to Pacific people, and other diverse communities and evolves to reflect the changing needs of the people it supports
- reflecting the changing demographic of Aotearoa's population, particularly the increase in proportion of older people
- ensuring connections and whanaungatanga with health and social sector workforces, particularly where workforce planning exists for allied professionals and other workers.

Through this role the SWRB will use evidence and sector intelligence to:

- develop a workforce strategy that describes the outcomes to be achieved to
  ensure sustainability in meeting supply and demand for social workers, and
  that promotes social workers' wellbeing and ethical practice, which is
  refreshed from time to time
- develop, promote, and refresh at least every five years a cross-sectoral action plan to implement the workforce strategy

- develop, monitor, and report on indicators and measures of progress to implement the workforce strategy
- make the workforce strategy, action plan, monitoring reports, and other workforce planning information publicly accessible
- provide advice on implementation of the workforce strategy
- report through its existing accountability relationship with the Minister for Social Development and the Ministry of Social Development.

To reflect this, we have developed a high-level and aspirational vision for our lead agency mahi, and the high-level aspirational outcome we are seeking to achieve.

Our vision as; lead agent for social worker workforce planning is to:

 ensure a safe, professional, knowledgeable, competent, and accountable social worker workforce, based on insight into where and when social workers are required to meet demand for services, to support wellbeing outcomes for New Zealanders.

Our high-level outcome is to:

 ensure we have the capable and confident social workers, with have diverse skills, knowledge, and experiences to support and enhance the wellbeing of others.

To further develop a workforce strategy and action plan, mahi alongside the sector is planned for the coming year.

To date we have been undertaking data analysis, providing information and insights into the opportunities and challenges facing the social worker workforce – for example, through our Annual Social Worker Survey, Demand for Social Work Services Survey, Educator's Survey – and ensuring these are shared with Ministers, agencies, and stakeholders to support a social work system.

## How we do our mahi

As an organisation we are guided in our mahi by our foundational values and He Arapaki, our Māori Development Strategy and Action Plan.

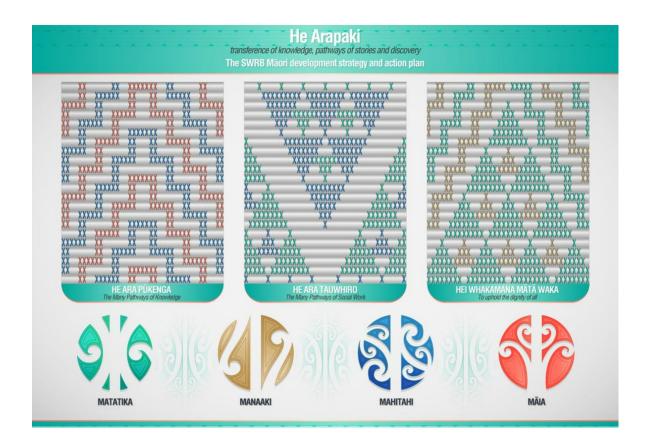
As Aotearoa's social worker regulator and through our firm but fair stance, we are working towards applying the right regulatory response, at the right time as a modern regulator. We will lift our engagement, continue our education and marketing activities to support compliance so that social workers understand what they need to do to practise safely, and exercise our enforcement function for the right impact.

As Aotearoa's lead agency for workforce planning, we will undertake data collection, research, data analysis, providing information and insights to support the system to have the right social workers, with the right skills, knowledge, and competencies in the right place at the right time to support and enhance the orange of New Zealanders.

On our journey towards being a modern regulator, we are increasingly taking an intelligence-led, risk focused and evidence-based approach, shaping all that we do through He Arapaki, our foundational values and our whakataukī.

He ara pūkenga, he ara tauwhiro, hei whakamana mātā waka.

The many pathways of knowledge, the many pathways of social work, upholding the dignity of all.



Giving life to our values in a way that inspires our kaimahi and our partners, is inclusive of all, and influences our regulator and lead agency functions will be an ongoing focus for additional effort and resource over the coming year. This overall approach is expressed through our Outcomes Framework, in Section Three, 'Hei whakamana mātā waka', that also includes our organisational structure, our operational focus and key areas of our work programme for the coming year.

# Section Three: Hei whakamana mātā waka

# Upholding the dignity of all - Where are we going?

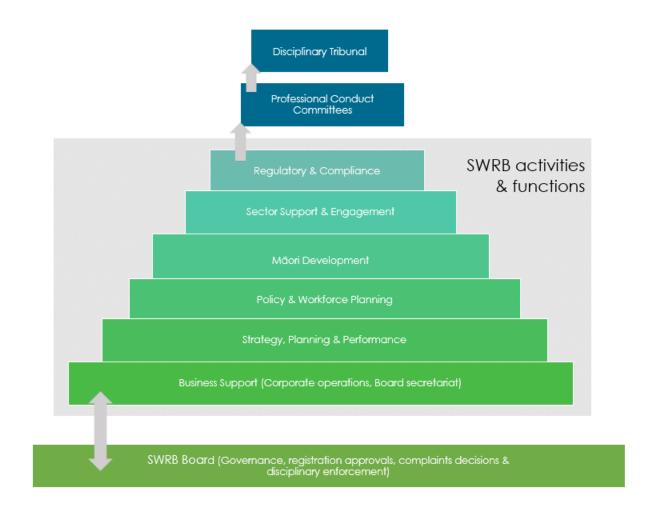
## Operational focus for 2022/2023

Our journey to being an intelligence-led, risk focused, and evidence-based regulator is supporting our core roles of regulation and compliance, and workforce planning, and enabling us to deliver on the expectations set by the Minister for Social Development and Employment.

## Organisational structure

Following our organisational restructure in September 2020, we reviewed our functional areas to ensure that we were fit for purpose and were able to deliver registration for all social workers, with a particular emphasis on achieving all mandatory requirements in February 2021.

Our current organisational structure is shown below. We will be investigating the extent to which this structure remains fit for purpose during the coming year ensuring it better reflects our mahi, it strengthens the organisation as a Tiriti o Waitangi partner, it better reflects He Arapaki throughout all that we do and focuses on both our core purposes as Aotearoa's social worker regulator and lead agency for social worker workforce planning.



## **Outcomes Framework**

## Purpose of an Outcomes Framework

- An Outcomes Framework provides a "line of sight" that connects what we do on a day-to-day basis to the bigger longer-term picture for Aotearoa.
- It connects the Board's purpose, vision, and the impacts the Board wants to make to the longer-term outcomes we are aspiring to achieve for New Zealanders.
- It connects the interventions that we make to our day-to-day work programmes.
- An Outcomes Framework signals the SWRB's high level priorities both internally and externally, so that everyone knows what the SWRB is trying to achieve and why.

- An Outcomes Framework provides a tool for teams to assess and prioritise their work programmes against, to better align our mahi with the things that matter most for our key audiences: the Minister and the Ministry; the public; social workers; employers and communities.
- An Outcomes Framework provides the external basis for measuring the Board's performance and setting performance measures and provides the platform to subsequently develop additional management information to run the business.

### Where outcomes fit in

Our outcomes are not the only things that determine the SWRB's mahi. They sit alongside three other key drivers:

- Government or Ministerial priorities (expressed in the Enduring Letter of Expectations, and our Performance and Reporting Schedule, with the Ministry of Social Development, for example)
- our statutory obligations under our establishment legislation (the Social Workers Registration Act 2003), the Crown Entities Act and the Public Finance Act
- our Board's annual priorities.

Our work programme must deliver on our statutory obligations as a Crown Entity and within our own legislation, agreed Government/Ministerial priorities and those of our Board.

Whilst we can choose to some extent *how we* deliver on them, we cannot choose whether we deliver them.

Our resources and funding will then dictate how much we do and how fast we do it.

In addition, as a public agency, there will be things we may also consider delivering, or be instructed to deliver because they are important for Aotearoa, or the system we are part of. An example of this is the delivery of our mahi on social worker workforce planning, where as a part of the Crown we are required to deliver a function at the instruction of our Minister.

Another example is from our Statement of Intent where we see the mahi of the SWRB contributing to Government's national priorities/key wero for Aotearoa, such as:

- keeping New Zealanders safe from COVID-19
- accelerating our recovery and rebuild and
- tackling our foundational wero, in particular housing affordability, climate change and tamariki wellbeing.

## Our five high-level outcomes

Our outcomes identify where we think the SWRB can add most value for Aotearoa and for New Zealanders, consistent with our SOI and expressed on an annual basis through our SPE.

Our outcomes span what we can directly contribute to, and where we can work with others to contribute.

The outcomes are aspirational statements about where the SWRB can add most value over the medium to longer term.

## 1. To be an active partner with Māori

The SWRB will continue to strengthen our mahi as a Tiriti o Waitangi partner.

## 2. To be responsive to the diverse communities of Aotearoa

We will continue to work closely with partner organisations both inside and outside government to better understand needs.

- 3. To promote public trust and confidence in the social work profession Social workers are safe and fit to practise, are held to account for meeting conduct, competence, and ethical standards, and are practising within the General Scope of Social Work Practice.
- 4. To enable social workers to demonstrate strong professional practice Social workers are qualified, experienced, skilled, culturally competent, maintain continuing professional development (CPD) and undertake professional supervision.

# 5. To support sufficient social workers to meet the growing demand for social work services

Based on data analysis, and a robust evidence base, we provide information and insights into the social worker workforce. We ensure this mahi is shared with Ministers, agencies and stakeholders to support a joined up social work system, informing decisions and providing advice into the opportunities and challenges facing the social work profession.

# Our Outcomes Framework

Our whakataukī	The	He ara pūkenga, he ara Tauwhiro, hei whakamana mātā waka The many pathways to knowledge, the many pathways of social work, upholding the dignity of all						
Our purpose	the state of the s	We protect the safety of members of the public by ensuring social workers are competent and safe to practise and are accountable for the way in which they practise. We also enhance social workers' professional practice and provide insight into the opportunities and challenges facing the social worker workforce						
Our vision			Social workers in	n Aotearo	a are accountable	e, recognised and v	alued	
High level outcomes	· ·				To support sufficient social workers to meet the growing demand for social work services			
Impacts	PROFESSIONAL PRACTI Social workers are qualifie experienced, knowledgeal skilled, culturally competer maintain CPD and supervi	lified, PRACTICE  eable, Social workers are fit to meet conduct, competence, and health, standards and for practising within the general scope of practice		Provide where and the	HT INTO THE DEMAND FOR AL WORKERS e data, information, and insight into social workers are needed most e opportunities and challenges the social worker workforce			
Interventions	support social workers to Through: registration, practice and practise active WORKFORCE PLANNING To ensure the system has support and enhance the Through: collecting and ar							

# Key areas of focus for our work programme for the year ahead

For the coming year we will continue to strengthen our business-as-usual operations. In particular we will focus on our continuous improvement approach in our regulatory mahi and our use of improved and higher levels of data to inform our activities.

# 1. Active partnership with Māori and responsive to the diverse needs of Aotearoa

We have made progress with the development and activation of He Arapaki through our mahi. However, we still need to reflect Pacific and diverse communities of Aotearoa better across our organisation and activities. Recognising the Māori-Crown relationship underpinned by Te Tiriti O Waitangi has been our starting point, expressed through He Arapaki. Over the year ahead we will begin working towards developing a framework that brings a Pacific lens to the SWRB, the next stage in our striving to be responsive to the diverse communities of Aotearoa.

We see the year ahead as a year of consolidation: strengthening our partnership with Māori through living our values and embedding He Arapaki throughout all that we do, strengthening social workers' professional practice, building public trust and confidence in the social work profession, and continuing to develop the lead role for sector-wide social worker workforce planning.

Strengthening our partnership with Māori by ensuring that He Arapaki and our values are central to our mahi

The aims, aspirations, involvement, and engagement with Māori as tangata whenua continue to be integral to our priorities in 2022/23 by:

- working alongside our partners, and continuing to develop and refine our mahi in the te ao Māori/indigenous regulatory space
- continuing to embed He Arapaki, our Māori Development
   Strategy, across the mahi of the organisation
- supporting our relationship with the Kāhui Māori who advise the Board

- continuing to grow our internal capability and knowledge
- building on our engagement with Kaupapa Māori social service providers, educators, and Māori social workers
- utilising te ao Māori perspectives to shape and inform key business functions and operations.

While the above actions support our progress towards the centring of Māori development in the SWRB, there is more to do to get to where we can genuinely meet our obligations under the Act to –

Ensure the aims and aspirations of Māori as tangata whenua and appropriate involvement of Māori as tangata whenua are integral and ongoing priorities, and

Maintain mechanisms to ensure the views of Māori as tangata whenua are readily accessible to us at all times.

2. Promoting public trust and confidence in the social work profession, and enabling social workers to demonstrate strong professional practice

Strengthening professional practice and trust and confidence in the social work profession

The introduction of a mandatory environment is itself a significant social workers' step forward in the professionalisation of social work in Aotearoa, where we 'support and encourage' high standards of practice and professional conduct among social workers and the employers of building public social workers. Key areas of activity will include:

- continuing to develop and share learning from complaints and disciplinary procedures to inform practice
- establishing a baseline on public trust and confidence in the social work profession
- providing practice guidance to support strong professional practice
- working with key partners to develop tools and information to promote strong professional practice

- refining our risk-based approach, balancing the benefit of lived experience in the mahi along with managing public safety elements
- continuing to promote the value of registration and the regulatory framework to the sector
- develop compliance marketing campaigns for social workers, social work students, employers, education providers and the public to support and encourage strong professional practice
- in consultation with the sector, update the Education Standards (previously known as Programme Recognition Standards) and develop an implementation plan to support delivery of quality social work education
- continue to undertake reviews of Education providers to support quality social work graduates
- leverage off consultation from the Education Standards review to inform the development of the Education and Training Framework
- undertake a review of the Code of Conduct, recognising the inter-relationship with the Core Competence Standards.

# 3. To support sufficient social workers to meet the growing demand for social work services

Continuing
to develop
the lead role
for sector
wide social
worker
workforce
planning

Through our workforce planning role, we provide INSIGHT into the opportunities and challenges facing the social worker workforce. We undertake data analysis, provide information and insights into the opportunities and challenges facing the social worker workforce and share this across the sector and with Ministers, agencies and stakeholders to support a joined up social services system, informing decisions and advice. Activities include:

- conducting our annual social worker workforce survey
- further developing our workforce reporting capability working

- with other technical experts
- continuing to build our relationships with the social services/social work sector to build a joined-up view to address the fragmentation of the system
- continuing to build our links with other agencies that have a workforce function including the Ministries of Health, Education, Oranga Tamariki and the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment
- undertaking targeted research.

## **Section Four**

# Statement of Performance Expectations 2022/2023

# Output Class: delivery of mandatory registration and workforce planning for all social workers

The following Statement of Performance Expectations (SPE) sets out the outputs the SWRB is funded to provide and the standards against which we will assess our performance.

Our SPE outlines the performance expectations of the SWRB for the year ended 30 June 2023, covering both service performance and the prospective financial statements that are agreed with the Minister for Social Development and Employment.

The SPE is a key element of public and government accountability and enables the Crown to be part of setting annual expectations for the entities that it directly funds.

The SWRB currently delivers services under a single Output Class: delivery of mandatory registration and workforce planning for all social workers.

There is further mahi over the coming year to consider reporting under sub output classes, for which Crown funding (appropriated funding) is received.

As part of our ongoing transformational journey, we regularly review our performance measures in collaboration with the Ministry of Social Development. This review ensures that our measures remain relevant, fit for purpose, and provides a full picture of our organisational performance, across our core roles.

# How will we measure our performance?

Output Class: Delivery of man social workers	datory registratic	on and wo	rkforce planni	ng for all
Output measure description and type	Source	2021/22 Target	2021/22 Estimated Result	2022/23 Target
Timeliness measures (T)				
SPE(T)1: Number and percentage of Aotearoa qualified registration applicants who are notified of the outcome of their application within 40 working days	through iMIS	80%	100%	85%
SPE(T)2: Number and percentage of complaints and notifications that initial decisions are made on (that they inform the social worker or complainant of) within 40 working days	Notification tracking	65%	100%	80%
SPE(T)3: Number of valid Section 13 Experience Pathway applications that are assessed and moderated within 60 working days of being assigned (new measure)	Section 13 Tracking sheet	-	_	80%
Quantitative measures (QT)				
SPE(QT)1: Assist education providers to ensure that they are meeting education standards through midcycle reviews and programme re-recognitions	Education programme recognitions and reviews, Consultation Log	<ul> <li>3</li> <li>midcycle</li> <li>reviews</li> <li>5</li> <li>program</li> <li>me re-</li> <li>recognitio</li> <li>ns</li> </ul>	As per programme	<ul> <li>3 midcycle reviews</li> <li>5 programme re-recognitions</li> </ul>
Qualitative measures (QL)				
SPE(QL)1: Percentage of applicants who report being satisfied with the registration process	Survey	80%	80%	80%
SPE(QL)2: Percentage of applicants who report being satisfied with the practising certificate renewal process	Survey	80%	80%	80%

SPE(QL)3: Percentage of staff and other attendees who report that a planned Māori event improved their understanding of te ao Māori within the regulatory context	Survey	85%	90%	85%
SPE(QL)4: Feedback is sought from the sector on key policy and programme changes	Consultation with the operational policy reference group Ad hoc working groups Stakeholder surveys	-	-	-
SPE(QL)5: Percentage of stakeholders surveyed who rated the leadership provided by the SWRB on social worker registration and workforce planning as effective would be no less than:	Survey	75%	75%	75%
SPE (QL)6: Active engagement with social workers and other relevant stakeholders is undertaken (new measure)	Zoom and in person presentations and wānanga.  Monitoring and responding to emails.  Stakeholder engagement and whanaungatanga activities	_	_	-

Operational Performance					
Operational performance measure description and type	Source	2021/22 Target	2021/22 Estimated Result	2022/23 Target	
Timeliness measures (T)					
SPE(T)3: Percentage of invoices paid within 10 working days	Financial manageme nt system	75%	100%	75%	
SPE(QT)2: Percentage of suppliers that are Māori businesses	Masterfile of suppliers	5%	-	5%	

# **Section Five**

# Prospective financial statements

# For the year ending 30 June 2023

## Prospective revenue and expense for 2022-23 for the SWRB

Expense on the output for 2022/2023 will be funded by payments received by the Board from social workers who apply for registration, from Registered Social Workers who apply for Practising Certificates, from the Disciplinary Levy and from Tertiary Education Organisations that deliver prescribed social work qualifications.

Actual 2020/21 \$000	Estimate 2021/22 \$000		Forecast 2022/23 \$000
5,227	5,074	Revenue	6,591
5,431	5,189	Expense	6,443
(204)	(115)	Total surplus/(deficit)	147

# Statement of prospective comprehensive revenue and expense for the SWRB for the year ending 30 June 2023

Actual 2020/21 \$	Estimate 2021/22 \$		Forecast 2022/23 \$
		Revenue	
		Registration & practising fees	
3,381,305	3,481,234	and levy	4,487,143
1,393,000	1,168,000	Revenue from the Crown	1,612,000
		Program recognition & other	
436,865	411,978	revenue	481,491
15,555	12,629	Interest	10,000
5,226,725	5,073,841	Total Income	6,590,635
		Expense	
		Administration and overhead	
118,164	106,171	costs	191,062
304,033	286,899	Complaints and tribunal fees	160,000
193,500	143,939	Publications & Promotions	93,600
71,068	25,614	Depreciation & amortisation	26,000
3,200,380	3,614,856	Personnel costs	3,996,278
1,543,915	1,011,510	Other expenses	1,976,532
5,431,061	5,188,989	Total Expense	6,443,472
0	0	Other Comprehensive revenue	0
(204,335)	(115,148)	Net Surplus/(deficit)	147,163

# Statement of prospective changes in equity for the SWRB for the year ended 30 June 2023

Updated* Actual 2020/21 \$	Estimate 2021/22 \$		Forecast 2022/23 \$
891,524	687,189	Total Crown Equity at start of year	572,041
(204,335)	(115,148)	Net surplus/(deficit)	147,163
687,189	572,041	Total Crown Equity at end of year	719,204

# Statement of prospective financial position for the SWRB as at 30 June 2023

Updated*			Forecast
Actual 2020/21	Estimate 2021/22		2022/23
\$	\$		\$
		Current Assets	
1,954,856	2,414,722	Cash & cash equivalents	2,814,725
2,210,048	2,412,528	Account receivable	2,554,475
200,000	1,050,000	Investments	1,050,000
80,477	93,077	Prepayments	93,077
4,445,382	5,970,326		6,512,277
		Non-current assets	
58,878	48,264	Property plant & equipment	50,264
		Intangible assets	-
4,504,260	6,018,590	Total Assets	6,562,541
		_	
		Less	
		Current Liabilities	
715,761	865,482	Accounts payable & accruals	973,908
129,208	140,565	Employee costs payable	211,428
2,861,393	4,411,135	Income received in advance	4,658,000
110,710	29,367	Deferred lease liability	-
3,817,072	5,446,549		5,843,336
		Non Comment Limbilities	
		Non-Current Liabilities Deferred lease liability	
2 917 072		Total Liabilities	E 942 226
3,817,072	5,440,549	Total Liabilities	5,843,336
607100	F72.042	Not Assets specificated	710 20 4
687,189	572,042	Net Assets employed	719,204
201.52 /	007400	Crown Equity	570 O 10
891,524	687,189	Accumulated surplus	572,042
(204,335)	(115,148)	Current year surplus/(deficit)	147,163
687,189	572,042	Total Crown Equity	719,204
	2, 2, 3 12	=	,, 231

# Statement of prospective cash flows for the SWRB for the year ended 30 June 2023

Actual 2020/21	Estimate 2021/22		Forecast 2022/23
\$	\$	Cash Flows from Operating	\$
		Activities	
3,367,118	5,277,601	Revenue received	5,073,553
1,393,000 17,011	1,168,000 12,629	Revenue from the Crown Interest received	1,612,000 10,000
(2,301,697)	(1,880,306)		(2,574,294)
(2,815,060)	(3,215,932)	Payment to employees	(3,693,256)
(339,627)	1,324,886	Net Cash flows from operating activities	428,003
		Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
1,111,098	(850,000)	Net movement in bank term deposits held	-
-	-	Sale of property, plant & equipment	-
(39,367)	(15,001)	Purchase of property, plant & equipment Purchase of intangible assets	(28,000)
1,071,732	(865,001)	Net Cash flows from investing activities	(28,000)
732,105	459,865	Net increase (decrease) in cash or cash equivalents	400,003
1,222,752	1,954,856	Cash or cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,414,722
1,954,856	2,414,722	Cash or cash equivalents at end of year	2,814,725

# Notes to the prospective financial statements

## For the year ending 30 June 2023

# Basis of preparation

The forecast financial statements of the Social Workers Registration Board have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Crown Entities Act 2004, which includes the requirement to comply with generally accepted accounting practice.

These forecast financial statements comply with public benefit entity (PBE) financial reporting standard (FRS) 42 - Prospective Financial Statements. They have been prepared in accordance with Tier 2 PBE Accounting Standards. We are required to prepare a Statement of Performance Expectations including prospective financial statements at or before the start of each financial year to promote public accountability by providing a base against which entity's actual performance can later be assessed. The forecast financial statements may not be appropriate for any other purposes.

All transactions in the Performance Report are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. The Performance Report is prepared under the assumption that the entity will continue to operate in the foreseeable future.

# Changes in accounting policies

The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements, except as explained below, which addresses changes in accounting policies.

During the 2021 year, SWRB revised its accounting policy in relation to upfront configuration and customisation costs incurred in implementing SaaS arrangements in response to the IFRIC agenda decision clarifying its interpretation of how current accounting standards apply to these types of arrangements. The new accounting policy is presented below. Historical financial information has been restated to account for the impact of the change.

Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) arrangements are service contracts providing SWRB with the right to access the cloud provider's application software over the contract period. Costs incurred to configure or customise, and the ongoing fees to obtain access to the cloud provider's application software, are recognised as operating expenses when the services are received.

Some of these costs incurred may be for the development of software code that enhances or modifies, or creates additional capability to, existing on-premise systems and meet the definition of and recognition criteria for an intangible asset. These costs are recognised as intangible software assets and amortised over the useful life of the software on a straight-line

basis. The useful lives of these assets are reviewed at least at the end of each financial year, and any change accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate

## Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars. Transactions not in New Zealand dollars are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Monetary asset and liability balances are to be translated using the exchange rate at balance date.

# Significant accounting policies

## Revenue

Revenue is recognised to be extent that it is probable that economic benefit will flow to the Board and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

#### Revenue from the Crown

The fair value of revenue from the Crown has been determined to be equivalent to the amounts due in the funding arrangements. This funding is restricted in its use for the purpose of the Board meeting the objectives specified in its founding legislation and the scope of the relevant appropriations of the funder.

### Revenue from exchange transaction

Interest income

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

### Revenue from non-exchange transaction

### **Practising Fees**

The SWRB's annual recertification cycle runs from 1 July to 30 June. Fees received in advance of the commencement of the recertification cycle are recognised on the first day of the recertification year, that is 1 July. Fees received within the recertification year to which they relate are recognised in full upon receipt.

Other Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Application fees and fees for competence assessment, competence recertification and non-binding assessment are recognised when all application data has been received.

### Disciplinary Levy

The disciplinary levy is to reflect the costs of managing complaints and disciplinary processes. The disciplinary levy income is recognised as income upon receipt by the applicant.

### Leases

### Operating leases

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the Board are classified as operating leases. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease in the statement of financial performance.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits held with New Zealand registered banks with original maturities of three months or less.

## Accounts receivable

Accounts receivables are recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any allowance for impairment.

A receivable is considered uncollectable when there is evidence the amount due will not be fully collected. Impairment is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amount expected to be collected.

### Investments

At each balance sheet date, the Board assesses whether there is any objective evidence that an investment is impaired.

#### Short-term investments

Short - term investments comprise term deposits which have a term of greater than three months and therefore do not fall into the category of cash and cash equivalents.

## Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant, and equipment asset classes consist of leasehold improvements, furniture, office equipment, computer equipment which are shown at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### **Additions**

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Board and the cost of the item can be measured reliably, and the total value of the item exceeds \$2,000.

### Disposals

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset.

Gains and losses on disposals are included in the statement of financial performance.

### Subsequent costs

Costs incurred subsequent to initial acquisition are capitalised only when it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Board and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The costs of day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the statement of financial performance as they are incurred.

## Depreciation

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated remaining useful lives of the improvements, whichever is the shorter.

Depreciation of furniture, office and computer equipment is provided on a diminishing value basis at rates provided under the Income Tax Act 2007.

The depreciation and amortisation rates of major classes of assets have been estimated as follows:

Leasehold improvements (16.7% SL)

Furniture and office equipment (18% - 60% DV)

Computer equipment (48% DV)

### Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

If an asset's value to the Board in using the asset falls below the carrying amount of the asset it is impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount and recognised in the statement of financial performance.

## <u>Intangible Assets</u>

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a non-exchange transaction is their fair value at the date of the exchange. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

The Board does not hold any intangible assets that have an indefinite life.

The amortisation periods for the Board's assets are as follows:

Developed website and computer software (20% SL)

## Creditors and other payables

Creditors and other payables are initially measured at cost.

## **Employee benefits**

Wages, salaries, and annual leave

Payments for wages, salaries and annual leave are recognised in surplus or deficit during the period in which the employee provided the related services. Liabilities for the associated benefits are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

## Goods and Services Tax (GST)

All items in the financial statements are presented exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables, which are presented on a GST inclusive basis.

## Income tax

The Board is wholly exempt from New Zealand income tax having fully complied with all statutory conditions for these exemptions.

## Retrospective Adjustment

As disclosed in the accounting policies, SWRB revised its accounting policy in relation to SaaS arrangements during the 2021 financial year resulting from the implementation of agenda decisions issued by the IFRIC. Historic financial information has been restated to account for the impact of the change in accounting policy, as follows:

Financial statement item	30 June 2020
	DR/(CR)
Statement of financial position	
Intangible assets	(202,263)
Total assets / Net assets	(202,263)
Retained earnings	202,263
Total equity	202,263

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